

catena-Poly[cadmium-bis(μ -*N,N*-dimethyldithiocarbamato- κ^3 S,S':S)]

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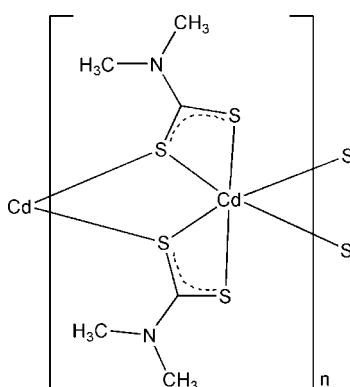
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{N}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.017; wR factor = 0.044; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.7.

In the title compound, $[\text{Cd}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{NS}_2)_2]_n$, the Cd^{II} atom, lying on a twofold rotation axis, is coordinated by six S atoms from four different *N,N*-dimethyldithiocarbamate ligands in a distorted octahedral geometry. The bridging of S atoms of the ligands leads to the formation of a one-dimensional structure along [001].

Related literature

For general background to metal-organic frameworks, see: Kitagawa *et al.* (2006); Papaefstathiou & MacGillivray (2003); Yaghi *et al.* (1998). For sodium, zinc and copper salts of dimethyldithiocarbamate, see: Einstein & Field (1974); Oskarsson & Ymén (1983).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Cd}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{NS}_2)_2]$	$V = 1178.9$ (4) Å ³
$M_r = 352.82$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, $Pccn$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 10.055$ (2) Å	$\mu = 2.52$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 14.744$ (3) Å	$T = 296$ K
$c = 7.9518$ (17) Å	$0.54 \times 0.22 \times 0.17$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	9543 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	1370 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.519$, $T_{\max} = 0.652$	1221 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.017$	63 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.044$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.07$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29$ e Å ⁻³
1370 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.34$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1
Selected bond lengths (Å).

Cd1—S1	2.6255 (7)	Cd1—S2 ⁱ	2.7194 (6)
Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y, z + \frac{1}{2}$.			

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HY2367).

References

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Comment

Rapid development of metal–organic frameworks has been made in recent years not only for their potential applications in materials science but also for fascinating architectures and topologies (Kitagawa *et al.*, 2006; Papaefstathiou & MacGillivray, 2003; Yaghi *et al.*, 1998). Dimethyldithiocarbamic acid is widely used in latex industry. Its sodium, zinc and copper salts are applied widely in antimicrobial, antiseptic and accelerant (Einstein & Field, 1974; Oskarsson & Ymén, 1983). Meanwhile, dimethyldithiocarbamic acid, possessing two S atoms, is a good candidate to coordinate metal atoms and generates rich hydrogen bonding modes. Herein we report the preparation and characterization of the first cadmium complex of dimethyldithiocarbamic acid.

In the title complex, the Cd^{II} ion is coordinated in an octahedral geometry by six S atoms from four different dimethyldithiocarbamate ligands (Fig. 1), with the Cd—S distances ranging from 2.6255 (7) to 2.7909 (6) Å (Table 1). Through the bridging of S2 atoms, the title complex forms a one-dimensional structure (Fig. 2).

Experimental

A mixture containing 0.005 mmol of Cd(NO₃)₂·4H₂O and 0.010 mmol of dimethyldithiocarbamic acid was placed in a small vial containing MeOH (3.0 ml), DMF (1.0 ml) and H₂O (0.5 ml). The vial was sealed, heated at 373 K for 2 d and allowed to cool to room temperature. Colorless crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were collected and dried in air (yield: 50%).

Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions and treated using a riding model, with C—H = 0.98 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

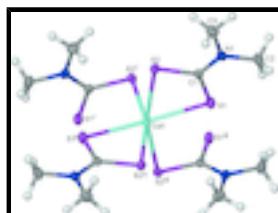


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing the Cd coordination. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. [Symmetry codes: (i) 3/2-x, y, 1/2+z; (ii) 3/2-x, 1/2-y, z; (iii) x, 1/2-y, 1/2+z.]

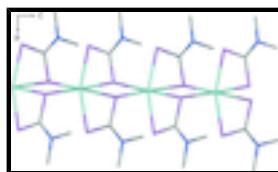


Fig. 2. One-dimensional chain in the title complex. H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

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Crystal data

[Cd(C ₃ H ₆ NS ₂) ₂]	$F(000) = 696$
$M_r = 352.82$	$D_x = 1.988 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, $Pccn$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ab 2ac	Cell parameters from 4468 reflections
$a = 10.055 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.5\text{--}27.6^\circ$
$b = 14.744 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 2.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 7.9518 (17) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 296 \text{ K}$
$V = 1178.9 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colorless
$Z = 4$	$0.54 \times 0.22 \times 0.17 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	1370 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1221 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.6^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.5^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.519, T_{\text{max}} = 0.652$	$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
9543 measured reflections	$k = -16 \rightarrow 19$
	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.017$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.044$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0174P)^2 + 0.6307P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.07$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
1370 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
63 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.33 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001xF_c^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{1/4}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction coefficient: 0.0036 (3)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cd1	0.7500	0.2500	0.17288 (2)	0.03178 (9)

S1	0.49818 (5)	0.28596 (4)	0.11658 (7)	0.04016 (14)
S2	0.71139 (5)	0.37665 (3)	-0.08336 (6)	0.03093 (12)
N1	0.45119 (16)	0.39753 (11)	-0.1396 (2)	0.0335 (4)
C1	0.54274 (18)	0.35704 (12)	-0.0449 (2)	0.0279 (4)
C2	0.3088 (2)	0.38157 (18)	-0.1150 (3)	0.0473 (5)
H2A	0.2952	0.3465	-0.0118	0.071*
H2B	0.2734	0.3477	-0.2112	0.071*
H2C	0.2626	0.4399	-0.1057	0.071*
C3	0.4855 (2)	0.45777 (16)	-0.2802 (3)	0.0481 (5)
H3A	0.5549	0.5003	-0.2446	0.072*
H3B	0.4063	0.4917	-0.3151	0.072*
H3C	0.5181	0.4215	-0.3749	0.072*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cd1	0.02789 (12)	0.04207 (14)	0.02537 (12)	0.00462 (8)	0.000	0.000
S1	0.0295 (2)	0.0507 (3)	0.0403 (3)	0.0030 (2)	0.0035 (2)	0.0156 (2)
S2	0.0294 (2)	0.0340 (2)	0.0294 (2)	-0.00350 (18)	-0.00062 (18)	-0.00097 (18)
N1	0.0323 (8)	0.0348 (9)	0.0333 (8)	0.0051 (7)	-0.0036 (7)	0.0015 (7)
C1	0.0298 (9)	0.0284 (9)	0.0256 (9)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0001 (7)	-0.0039 (7)
C2	0.0331 (11)	0.0580 (14)	0.0509 (13)	0.0091 (10)	-0.0074 (10)	0.0033 (11)
C3	0.0544 (13)	0.0434 (12)	0.0466 (12)	0.0058 (10)	-0.0070 (11)	0.0154 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

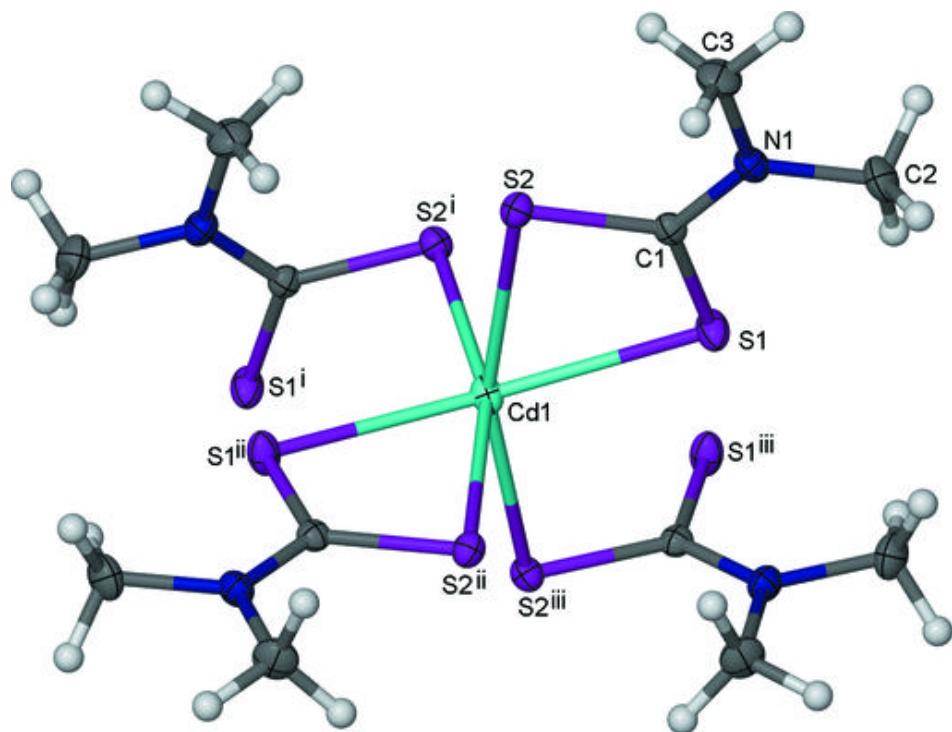
Cd1—S1	2.6255 (7)	N1—C3	1.469 (3)
Cd1—S2	2.7909 (6)	C2—H2A	0.9800
Cd1—S2 ⁱ	2.7194 (6)	C2—H2B	0.9800
S1—C1	1.7169 (19)	C2—H2C	0.9800
S2—C1	1.7473 (19)	C3—H3A	0.9800
S2—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	2.7194 (6)	C3—H3B	0.9800
N1—C1	1.331 (2)	C3—H3C	0.9800
N1—C2	1.464 (3)		
S1—Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	160.37 (3)	C1—N1—C2	121.94 (18)
S1—Cd1—S2 ⁱ	96.922 (18)	C1—N1—C3	122.66 (17)
S1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—S2 ⁱ	97.039 (16)	C2—N1—C3	115.34 (17)
S1—Cd1—S2 ^{iv}	97.039 (16)	N1—C1—S1	121.09 (14)
S1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—S2 ^{iv}	96.922 (18)	N1—C1—S2	119.88 (14)
S2 ⁱ —Cd1—S2 ^{iv}	89.07 (3)	S1—C1—S2	119.03 (10)
S1—Cd1—S2 ⁱⁱⁱ	98.326 (18)	N1—C2—H2A	109.5
S1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—S2 ⁱⁱⁱ	66.812 (15)	N1—C2—H2B	109.5
S2 ⁱ —Cd1—S2 ⁱⁱⁱ	163.74 (2)	H2A—C2—H2B	109.5
S2 ^{iv} —Cd1—S2 ⁱⁱⁱ	94.63 (2)	N1—C2—H2C	109.5
S1—Cd1—S2	66.812 (15)	H2A—C2—H2C	109.5
S1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—S2	98.326 (18)	H2B—C2—H2C	109.5

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S2 ⁱ —Cd1—S2	94.63 (2)	N1—C3—H3A	109.5
S2 ^{iv} —Cd1—S2	163.74 (2)	N1—C3—H3B	109.5
S2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—S2	86.22 (3)	H3A—C3—H3B	109.5
C1—S1—Cd1	89.95 (6)	N1—C3—H3C	109.5
C1—S2—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	98.61 (6)	H3A—C3—H3C	109.5
C1—S2—Cd1	84.06 (6)	H3B—C3—H3C	109.5
Cd1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Cd1	92.35 (2)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2, y, z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+3/2, y, z-1/2$; (iii) $-x+3/2, -y+1/2, z$; (iv) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.

Fig. 1



supplementary materials

Fig. 2

